Application Serial No.: 10/042,528 Response to Office Action of December 10, 2007 Amendment dated: April 10, 2008

Amendments to Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

1. (previously presented) A method for segmenting compound words in an unrestricted natural-language input, the method comprising:

receiving a natural-language input consisting of a plurality of characters;

constructing a set of breakpoints in the natural-language input;

combining a probability that characters preceding each breakpoint end a word and a probability that characters following the breakpoint start a word to assign weights to the breakpoints in the natural-language input;

traversing substrings of the natural-language input in an order determined by the weights assigned to the breakpoints;

identifying a plurality of linkable components by the traversal of substrings wherein a linkable component is identified by locating the component in a lexicon; and

returning a segmented string consisting of a plurality of linkable components spanning the natural-language input, wherein the segmented string is interpreted as a compound word.

- 2. (original) The method of claim 1, further including the step of analyzing a chart of the linkable components in the case that the segmented string cannot be constructed and returning an unsegmented string interpretable as a partial analysis of a compound word.
- 3. (previously presented) An apparatus for segmenting compound words in a naturallanguage input, the apparatus comprising:
 - a startpoint probability matrix;
 - a endpoint probability matrix;
- a probabilistic breakpoint analyzer coupled to the startpoint probability matrix, the endpoint probability matrix and the natural-language input, the probabilistic breakpoint analyzer being operative to generate a breakpoint-annotated input from the natural-language input; and

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a probabilistic breakpoint processor coupled to the probabilistic breakpoint analyzer, the probabilistic breakpoint processor being operative to generate a segmented string for the compound words in the natural-language input in response to the breakpoint-annotated input.

- 4. (original) The apparatus of claim 3, further comprising a word-boundary analyzer coupled to a lexicon and a memory unit, the word-boundary analyzer being operative to generate the startpoint probability matrix and the endpoint probability matrix.
- 5. (original) The apparatus of claim 3, wherein the probabilistic breakpoint processor comprises:
 - a lexicon;
 - a chart; and
- a breakpoint-delimited substring tester coupled to the lexicon and the chart, the substring tester being operative to receive the breakpoint-annotated input and generate a segmented string in response thereto.
- 6. (original) The apparatus of claim 3, wherein the probabilistic breakpoint processor is an augmented probabilistic breakpoint processor comprising:
 - a lexicon:
 - a chart:
- an augmented breakpoint-delimited substring tester coupled to the chart and the lexicon, the substring tester being operative to identify a plurality of linkable components; and
- a chart analyzer coupled to the substring tester and the chart, the chart analyzer being operative to generate the segmented string.
- 7. (original) The apparatus of claim 6, wherein the augmented breakpoint-delimited substring tester generates one of:

the segmented string; and

a failure signal.

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- 8. (original) The apparatus of claim 7, wherein the chart analyzer is coupled to receive the failure signal from the augmented breakpoint-delimited substring tester.
- (original) The apparatus of claim 3, wherein the apparatus is configured as a computer readable program code run on a computer usable medium.
- 10. (cancelled)
- 11. (previously presented) A method for segmenting compound words in an unrestricted natural-language input, the method comprising:

receiving a natural-language input consisting of a plurality of characters; constructing a set of breakpoints in the natural-language input;

combining weights of trigraph contexts that precede and follow each breakpoint to assign a weight to the breakpoint in the natural-language input;

traversing substrings of the natural-language input in an order determined by the weights assigned to the breakpoints;

identifying a plurality of linkable components by the traversal of substrings wherein a linkable component is identified by locating the component in a lexicon; and

returning a segmented string consisting of a plurality of linkable components spanning the natural-language input, wherein the segmented string is interpreted as a compound word.

12. (previously presented) A method for segmenting compound words in an unrestricted natural-language input, the method comprising:

receiving a natural-language input consisting of a plurality of characters; constructing a set of breakpoints in the natural-language input;

combining weights of bigraph contexts that precede and follow each breakpoint to assign a weight to the breakpoint in the natural-language input;

traversing substrings of the natural-language input in an order determined by the weights assigned to the breakpoints;

identifying a plurality of linkable components by the traversal of substrings wherein a linkable component is identified by locating the component in a lexicon; and returning a segmented string consisting of a plurality of linkable components spanning the natural-language input, wherein the segmented string is interpreted as a compound word.

13. (previously presented) A method for segmenting compound words in an unrestricted natural-language input, the method comprising:

receiving a natural-language input consisting of a plurality of characters; constructing a set of breakpoints in the natural-language input;

combining weights of tetragraph contexts that precede and follow each breakpoint to assign a weight to the breakpoint in the natural-language input;

traversing substrings of the natural-language input in an order determined by the weights assigned to the breakpoints;

identifying a plurality of linkable components by the traversal of substrings wherein a linkable component is identified by locating the component in a lexicon; and returning a segmented string consisting of a plurality of linkable components spanning the natural-language input, wherein the segmented string is interpreted as a compound word.

14. (previously presented) A method for segmenting compound words in an unrestricted natural-language input, the method comprising:

receiving a natural-language input consisting of a plurality of characters; constructing a set of breakpoints in the natural-language input;

combining weights of contexts of one length that precede each breakpoint and of contexts of a different length that follow the breakpoint to assign a weight to the breakpoint in the natural-language input;

traversing substrings of the natural-language input in an order determined by the weights assigned to the breakpoints;

identifying a plurality of linkable components by the traversal of substrings wherein a linkable component is identified by locating the component in a lexicon; and returning a segmented string consisting of a plurality of linkable components spanning the natural-language input, wherein the segmented string is interpreted as a compound word.

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15. (previously presented) A method for segmenting compound words in an unrestricted natural-language input, the method comprising:

receiving a natural-language input consisting of a plurality of characters; constructing a set of breakpoints in the natural-language;

weighting weights of a plurality of contexts of different lengths that precede and follow each breakpoint to assign a weight to the breakpoint in the natural-language input; traversing substrings of the natural-language input in an order determined by the weights assigned to the breakpoints;

identifying a plurality of linkable components by the traversal of substrings wherein a linkable component is identified by locating the component in a lexicon; and returning a segmented string consisting of a plurality of linkable components spanning the natural-language input, wherein the segmented string is interpreted as a compound word.